

# The Quincy Union.

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W. W. KELLOGG.

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**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
Provisions, Liquors, &c.,  
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DEALERS IN  
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Spanish Ranch. 1-1f

**McQUINN & COMPTON,**  
Dealers in  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE**  
ROUND VALLEY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.  
CHECKS DRAWN ON MARYSVILLE.  
Round Valley, May 10th, 1863. n24-1f

**THOMAS HUGHES,**  
Dealer in all kinds of  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
SODA BAR,  
EAST BRANCH OF FEATHER RIVER.  
THE HOTEL attached to the Store, will be kept open for the accommodation of the public. 23-1f

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(Nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House, up stairs.)  
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# Quincy Union.

"LIBERTY AND UNION—NOW AND FOREVER ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—Webster.

VOL. 3.

QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1865.

NO. 12.

## New Advertisements.

**S. M. ASCHHEIM & BROS.,**  
Main Street, Quincy.  
—AND—  
Indian Valley, near Taylor's Mill.  
They invite attention to their  
**FALL AND WINTER STOCK**  
—OF—  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
Consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES,  
CLOTHING,  
GROCERIES,  
LIQUORS,  
CROCKERY,  
MEDICINES,  
DRY GOODS,  
PROVISIONS,  
HARDWARE,  
DRUGS,  
CAMPHENE,  
PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Which they offer to the public at the lowest reasonable rates.  
Quincy, Oct. 21, 1862. 1-1f

**MILLER & KINGSLEY.**  
Susanville,  
Honey Lake Valley.  
(Fire Proof Store.)  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
DEALERS IN

Grain, Groceries,  
Provisions, Liquors,  
Cigars, Tobacco,  
Saddlery, Hardware,  
A large supply of  
Carpenter's Tools, Glass,  
Earthenware, Oils,  
Paints, &c., &c., &c.

**CLOTHING**  
OF EVERY STYLE,  
and adapted to the wants of all, and at the very lowest cash prices.

**Hats & Caps,**  
**Boots & Shoes,**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.,  
Together with a complete assortment of every thing in our line. Call and examine.  
v2-n24f KINGSLEY & MILLER.

**STOVES & TINWARE!!**

**J. A. KEENEN,**  
Taylorville, Indian Valley.  
Dealer in  
Cooking, Box and Parlor Stoves, Hardware,  
Crockery, Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps,  
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

**Tin, Copper and Sheet Ironware**  
constantly on hand, and made to order.  
Air, Hydrostatic, Gas and Lead Pipe  
furnished at the shortest notice.  
JOHNING of all kinds done with neatness and  
dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.  
All Orders promptly attended to. Goods  
furnished at Marysville Prices For Cash.  
Taylorville, Aug. 24th, 1863. 38-6m

**MYERS & RITCHIE,**  
Nelson Point.

**KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE**  
assortment of Merchandise, Provisions, &c.,  
and all articles usually kept in a Mountain store,  
such as  
Dry Goods, Groceries,  
Provisions, Boots and Shoes,  
Hats & Caps, Clothing,  
Hardware, Glassware,  
Crockery, Paints,  
Lamp Oil, Camphene,  
Liquors, Wines, &c., &c.

Their stock has been selected with great care,  
and they are determined to sell at prices such as  
will satisfy their old and new friends.  
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

MYERS & RITCHIE.

**JOHN SCHWARTZ**  
**BOOT & SHOEMAKER,**  
OPPOSITE THE PLUMAS HOUSE,  
QUINCY CAL.  
Boots and Shoes made or repaired at short notice  
and on reasonable terms. n23-1f

**QUINCY**  
**MEAT MARKET,**  
Main street, opposite the Court House.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS,  
of the best quality, constantly on hand.  
JAS. E. EDWARDS,  
Quincy, Jan. 28, 65—n15-1f Proprietor.

**SUSANVILLE BREWERY!**  
**SUSANVILLE**  
**HONEY LAKE**  
**VALLEY.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFUL-  
ly inform the public that they keep on hand  
and for sale the best quality of  
**Lager Beer,**  
by the Keg, Bottle or Glass, and at the lowest prices for cash.  
88-1f  
G. STROUSE.

## THE SONG OF THE TROUBADOUR.

Oh fly with me! 'tis Passion's hour;  
The world is gone to sleep;  
And nothing wakes in brake or bower,  
But those who love and weep.  
But those who love and weep:  
This is the golden time and weather,  
When songs and sighs go out together,  
And minstrels pledge the rosy wine,  
To lutes like this, and lips like thine.  
Oh fly with me! my courser's flight  
Is like the rushing breeze,  
And the kind moon has said "Good night!"  
And sunk behind the trees:  
The lover's voice—the loved one's ear—  
There's nothing else to speak or hear;  
And we will say, as on we glide,  
That nothing lives on earth beside!  
Oh fly with me! and we will wing  
Our white skiff o'er the waves,  
And hear the Tritons reveling  
Among the coral caves;  
The envious Merman, when we pass,  
Shall cease her song and drop her glass;  
For it will break her very heart  
To see how fair and dear thou art.  
Oh fly with me! and we will dwell  
Far over the green seas,  
Where sadness rings no parting knell  
For moments such as these!  
Where Italy's unclouded skies  
Look brightly down on brighter eyes,  
Or where the wave-wed city smiles,  
Enthroned upon her hundred isles.  
Oh fly with me! by these sweet strings,  
Swept o'er thy Passion's fingers,  
By all the rocks, and vales, and springs,  
Where Memory lives and lingers,  
By all the tongue can never tell,  
By all the heart has told so well,  
By all that has been or may be,  
And by Love's self—oh fly with me!

## VETERANS.

The Government determined some time since to raise a corps of veterans, that is, of men who have served two or three years in the armies of the Republic. And that no loyal community might have reason to complain of being unrepresented in this grand army or legion of honor, it was formally announced that each State might furnish a regiment; to which was added the important fact that the nation would transport these troops from their homes to the general rendezvous where they were to be mustered into the service. Relying, doubtless upon this, Governor Low asked the War Department whether such a regiment would be received from California, and the answer comes across the wires that the Government has no present need of that character of aid on this coast; or at all events, it has refused the offer. It has been surmised that the Department came to the conclusion to reject it after counting up the cost of transporting a thousand veterans from California to Washington.

It is not at all probable that the cost entered into the calculations, notwithstanding it is a very proper subject to be calculated. If necessity demanded it and the Government had no apprehensions of an attack by foreign enemies upon its Western coast, we imagine that the mere dollar and cent matter would have been easily surmounted. But men for the armies offer in greater numbers now than ever before, save only at the outbreak of the rebellion. A veteran who has served for three and a half years in the army of the Potomac writes to this city, saying that there is but little difficulty now in obtaining men to fill up the regiments. The Government, then, is not pressed for men, and if it were, it would be loth to take them from this coast.

Ever since French troops set foot upon the soil of Mexico, President Lincoln and his Cabinet have determined to husband the military resources of this coast. If during the present struggle to trample out the wickedness of a wicked people who rebelled against a too lenient Government for a reason similar to that which moved Lucifer to revolt against the Most High, we shall become complicated with any of the maritime Powers, the contest would commence here. The Pacific coast is the only vulnerable portion of the Republic. Our Achilles is everywhere else armor-clad, but here the heel is unshielded, and may be penetrated. In presence of all these facts, and expecting difficulties to arise out of the foul usurpation in our sister republic of Mexico, the President has ever refused to allow our military strength to be siphoned in the least, but on the contrary has done and continues to do what in him lies to increase its vigor. Notwithstanding that Senators and Congressmen invoked him to order troops from this coast to the field, and notwithstanding that the troops themselves petitioned and almost begged for liberty to proceed to the seat of war, even going so far as to offer to pay their own transportation

—a proposition which for true heroism has never been excelled—the old man of the White House set his foot firmly down, and said, "No, gentlemen; remain at home—garner your war power; for I may one day, and that not distant either, want to use it all just where it is. This rebellion is not yet subdued, and if it were, I know not what relations may be established with the new military government that has wickedly and sneakily crept by absolute stealth into the homes of our southern neighbors, and in very defiance as it were of a cherished doctrine of this people. Wait."—And so he answered, and so will he answer all suggestions of the character referred to. For the reasons given, and which are well known at Washington, the President has always refused to denude this coast of troops; and it must be admitted that he has had some experience in military matters and among military men, and that, as a general thing, he knows what he is about. Let the military spirit on the Pacific curb its fiery temper yet awhile—let it couple patience to its perseverance, and its most ambitious hopes may yet be realized.—Aside from those who have had or may have the honor of serving their country and mankind in doing battle against Jeff. Davis and his co-conspirators, there is no community within the bounds of our empire that stands half a chance with this of an early engagement in honorable warfare. And the Government knowing this, very wisely refuses to weaken us.

HOW THE REBELS MAKE GOBLETS.—A correspondent of the Mobile Register describes a new mode of manufacturing glass goblets. He says:  
"I saw mine host, Dr. T., doing something last evening that was new to me. Crockery and glassware of the ordinary kind being well nigh obsolete in the Confederacy, and especially at Taagipahos, the doctor was simply manufacturing his own glassware. As his process is cheap, easy, simple and worthy of imitation, we will describe it. Take a claret bottle, or any kind of a glass bottle—bottles of thin white glass, with flat bottoms, are the best,—hold the bottle firmly by both ends; let another person, having a cup of water ready, pass a stout cotton cord twice round the bottle, and create a friction by pulling the ends of the cord rapidly to and fro for a minute or so; then let him jerk the cord off, dash the water on quickly, and presto! you hold in one hand a serviceable a tumbler or goblet as you need wish, and in the other a neat but not gaudy glass candlestick. The bottle should be held with a strap, piece of leather, or other substance, with a hard straight edge, firmly around it at the intended point of severance, in order to keep the cord in one place during the friction, and to secure straight and smooth edges to the glassware. Old bottles can be put to good use in this way."

A MUSICAL PRODIGY.—There is a man now in this region, entirely blind, a graduate of the Ohio Institute for the Blind, who has very remarkable musical powers. Some of our best musicians have been amazed at the compass of his voice, and musical attainments. His bass notes are lower, we are told than those of any other man in the world, while he can sing with perfect ease the higher tenor notes. He plays the cornet beautifully with one hand, and accompanies it with the other on the piano or melodeon. Some gentlemen in this city have heard him, and state that he has musical powers such as have been rarely, if ever, given to man. He is a man of culture and education, well informed in politics and history of the country, and has an unblemished moral character.—We hope that he may be seen and heard in this region. [Boston Journal.]

THE HON. GEO. ASHMAN has just published a letter giving an account of an interview between himself, the late Senator Douglas and President Lincoln on the night that Fort Sumter was fired upon by the rebels. The only difference of opinion between Mr. Douglas and Mr. Lincoln was that Mr. Douglas was for calling out 200,000 instead of 75,000 men, and had a much clearer estimate of the intentions and strength of the rebellion than had the President. On the question of a vigorous and prompt suppression of the outbreak, all three gentlemen were in perfect accord.

CHINESE NEW YEARS falls this season on the 26th inst.

AN ERA OF GOOD FEELING.—The National Intelligencer of Washington, after having made a vigorous battle for McClellan, quotes Lincoln's speech at Baltimore and appends the following remarks:

The most embittered opponent of the President will not deny that such expressions do honor to his heart, and they should go far to disarm political defeat of its sting in the breast of the vanquished. And we do not hesitate to say, for ourselves, that we shall accept these declarations of the President in the same sincerity in which we believe them to be made, and shall be prepared to judge his future administration of the Government simply by his acts, without any other predetermination than that of cordially co-operating in all measures which shall seem to us judicious and proper, without seeking to find in any of them the grounds of factions opposition.

The distinguished Premier of the Administration, in replying to the congratulations of his political friends on the 10th instant, was frank to say that in the debates of the canvass they may have done something less than justice to the patriotism of their political opponents. To this effect he spoke as follows:

"With the Democrats we should be friends. They have voted against us; we have voted against them. If they are now willing to cry quits, it would be well to reflect that, all things considered, we have judged them rather harshly in some respects. I believe that perfect harmony can soon be restored, not only throughout the free States, but throughout all the Union. \* \* \* It would not be the fault of the Administration if they did not establish an era of good feeling. The re-election of the President has placed him beyond the pale of human envy or detraction, as he was above human ambition, and all would learn to see him, as the speaker and the audience had seen him, a true patriot, benevolent and loyal, honest and faithful. Thereafter all motive of detraction of him would cease to exist, and Abraham Lincoln would take his place with Washington, Jefferson and Adams, among the benefactors of his country and the human race."

The candor of Seward should be met with equal candor by the friends of General McClellan. It may be that the latter have, "all things considered," judged Lincoln and his party "rather harshly in some respects." At all events let it be no fault of theirs, as Seward says it shall be no fault of the Administration, if an "era of good feeling" is not re-established. The times are propitious to such a desirable consummation.

They who undertake to oppose the Administration merely because it has not been elevated to power by their votes, will soon surely find that they do not "understand their epoch." And they who give to the Administration an "unquestioning support" will just as surely discover that their maxims of partisanship belong to an age that has passed in the history of the country. The issues of the times are too momentous and far-reaching to admit of such narrow minded views in the one direction or in the other. It should be the aim of all to co-operate with the Administration in its legitimate efforts for the preservation of the Union, remembering that wisdom and virtue are the exclusive possession of no party, and that, therefore, if no party is to be implicitly trusted, so none is entitled to an exclusive right of censorship, since the one case equally with the other implies the assumption of human infallibility.

WOULD LOSE FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.—If a military officer puts in an application for a furlough, on the simple ground of urgent private business, he is about as likely to get it as he is of being struck by lightning. A Maine officer applied for one, however, stating that if it was not granted he should lose \$50,000.—This attracted attention at headquarters and the officer was desired to forward a statement of how he would lose it. He did so to the effect that he had been in the army without leave of absence for two years; that he was engaged to a young lady worth \$50,000; that there was another fellow after her, and that she had written to him that if he did not come home and marry her right away, she would have the other man. He got his furlough. [Portland Argus.]

It took six days continuous labor to make the world, but to make it over again would be only a recreation.

# The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

**TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
No paper will be forwarded from this office unless the subscription is paid in advance. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires. This rule will be strictly enforced.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Our friends everywhere, who may at any time have knowledge of facts of local importance—incidents, accidents, mining news, doings of public meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would confer a favor upon us and our readers generally by sending notice of the same to this office. Give us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

AN AFFECTING SCENE.—A correspondent of the Bangor Whig, in a letter dated from the Provost's Marshal's office at Houlton, thus describes an affecting scene that occurred in that office:

"We have sent forward about sixty noble sons of Aroostook (for they have some noble specimens of manhood in this region). One of these men is deserving of more than a passing notice. One of the noblest acts of this or any draft occurred in this office yesterday.

A young man with a small family and a young and devoted wife responded to the call of the Government, was examined and accepted, and while his papers were being prepared, a younger brother appeared, and learning that his brother was accepted, pressed his way into the examining room, was accepted, and insisted on going as a substitute for his brother. Quite a scene ensued. The drafted man said he would go, and offered his brother \$30 per month to stay at home and take care of his family and effects until his return, but the brother would not listen to it, but go he would, and the two brothers stood in tears, each insisting on carrying the point. The noble boy at length prevailed, and was duly enlisted as his brother's substitute, making the third son of the family now in the United States service—two being in the 1st Maine cavalry, and having already a noble record in their country's history. I shall watch with interest the name of Frederick M. Haines, of Fort Fairfield."

AN ACTOR IN TROUBLE.—The Detroit Tribune says:

A young man, giving his name as W. R. Barre, enlisted in the Eighth Michigan Infantry, in this city, and for a time performed all the duties incident to camp life with that organization. It was evident, however, that he was a bounty-jumper. He enlisted under an assumed name, his real one being Oliver W. Wheeler. He has frequently, in years past, played on the stage to a Detroit audience. He was a young man of much promise, and but for the offense mentioned above would undoubtedly, at some future time, have occupied a good position in his professional calling. He is of a good family, who reside in this State. He enlisted about three years ago, served about eleven months, and then deserted, inducing several of his comrades to join him, and on leaving carried off some valuable equipments.

After deserting, Wheeler went to St. Louis, where he resumed his profession on the stage, and subsequently played at Louisville, Cincinnati and with a strolling company, of which, it is said, he was part proprietor. Recently he went to Chicago, and played for a week or so at the various places of amusement there, and was arrested while at Wood's Museum, being there recognized by a companion, who pointed him out to the authorities. He was immediately taken to Camp Douglas. From the latter place he was conveyed to Chattanooga, where he was tried by Court-martial on a charge of deserting in the face of the enemy while on picket duty. He was found guilty and sentenced to be shot on Thursday, the 15th of December. The finding and sentence have been referred to the proper authorities, and if no reprieve or pardon be granted, the unfortunate young man will, on the day fixed, suffer the penalty of his act.

CLANNISH PRIDE.—A dispute arose between Campbell and McLean upon the subject of genealogy. McLean would not allow that Campbell had any right with the McLeans in antiquity, who, he insisted were in existence as a clan from the beginning of the world. Campbell had a little more biblical lore than his antagonist, and asked him if the clan of McLean was before the flood.  
"Flood! what flood?" said McLean.  
"The flood, you know, what drowned all the world but Noah and his family and his flocks," said Campbell.  
"Pooh! you and your floods!" said McLean, "my clan was before the flood."  
"I have not read in my Bible," said Campbell, "of the name McLean going into Noah's ark."  
"Noah's ark!" retorted the other, in contempt; "who ever heard of a McLean that had not a boat of his own?"

A youth, after vainly trying to explain some scientific theory to his fair innamorata, said:

"The question is difficult, and I don't see what I can do to make it clearer."  
"Suppose you pop it," whispered the blushing damsel.



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JOHN R. HUCKBEE, Editor.

San Francisco Agency.  
L. P. FISHER and J. J. KNOWLTON & Co., are the only authorized agents for the Union in San Francisco.

QUINCY.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1865.

## BUTLER.

The latest telegram brings an item which has given a good deal of comfort to our village statesmen of the copper-head stamp, viz: "That Butler, the Beast, &c., had been relieved from active service on the James, and ordered to report at Lowell."

The current rumor here is (received no doubt by grape-vine) that Butler has cast his cock-eye on untold millions of gold, and has laid his polluted touch thereon, which fact they have known "all along," but as their theory upsets the most of their stock in trade of the last canvass, about "the immense swindles of this corrupt Administration," we can only say that one or the other of the theories must be wrong, for they do not deny to the Administration the possession of such ordinary intelligence as would preclude it from discharging one of the "biggest" of the thieves.

Our regrets do not reach that vein of their objection. It is only because Butler has been so cordially abused by them all, from Jeff Davis down to Jim. Coffey, that we dislike Butler's removal. We are willing, however, to believe that it was because of the Fort Fisher failure, and the rule that success is the only grip that an officer can hold his grip with now-a-days, in the armies of the Republic.

Butler's sphere is more in another channel. He is more executive than ministerial, and although generally successful, he lacks some of the qualifications of a General in the position which he has vacated. If any reasons are ever given for his removal, it will not be upon the grounds that he made Confederate thieves disgorge their stolen gold, for all the monies thus taken have been turned to the proper departments at Washington, are now the subject of legal enquiry, and it may be that he is to be entrusted with another position in the civil service, where he can make short work with the rebels and their friends.

PLEASANT WEATHER AHEAD.—Not the least cheering sign of the final success of our side,—is the manner in which Sherman and his legions were received in Savannah. Heretofore when rebel strongholds have been wrested from them, the men have been sullen and morose, the women defiant and proud in their exultation over the fact that they were of the "nation" which contained the superior race. This was felt severely at New Orleans, and it required the strong will of Butler to reduce the women to ladylike behavior. At Vicksburg, and at Atlanta, Sherman's proceeding was such as to entitle him to the rebel epithet of the "monster," which is in that peculiar vocabulary an epitome of all the meaner and baser instincts of mankind. At Savannah the leading citizens declared themselves citizens of the United States, and asked its protection. They were treated not as prisoners of war, but as friendly non-combatants; and so pleasantly that even the Richmond viragos complimented Sherman on that score, but say it was confined to but a "very few of the residents of Savannah." But, few or many, the fact is apparent that all through the South the feeling is gaining ground that in the end the old flag is to be the flag. They know the weakness of the cause of the rebellion,—they can see the real cause of Jeff Davis and "Extra-Billy," advocating the enlistment of slaves for Southern freedom; and they know it is because Jeff's policy has exhausted the poor whites, and made poor gleaning in that field, and so he falls back upon "the nigger" to help the slave-owner out of his present mire. We can only hope that they will place the slave in their ranks, for, if they are as we suppose, they know that their true friends are on the side of this Government, and not with those who commenced the war to preserve slavery, and end the war by "an occupation."

SOME three hundred men connected with the Chicago rebel plots, are now confined in Camp Douglas.—[Ex.] We venture to state that there are thousands of men connected with "rebel plots" who are not confined in Camp Douglas, but are living under the protection of the Government, and are ready at any moment to throw off their disguise, and, if need be, "aid and assist" the treasonable cause by firing northern cities, assassinating Union men, destroying Government property, sifting out privateers, &c.

CAMP.—The article on the first page of this paper, headed "Veterans," was taken from the San Bee. Through mistake the proper credit was not given at the end of the article.

A GROW.—We have not, during the past two weeks, received a one-sixth part of our exchanges. Now, the question is, whose fault is it? We do not believe that the fault rests with the Mail Contractor on the Oroville route, because we are informed by persons who know that Messrs. Smith & Low forward all mail matter which starts from Oroville, and with, considering the season, all dispatch necessary. Now, we do not know who is the Oroville P. M.—He may be the "right man in the right place," but we do know that only a few days since a large proportion of the matter which was forwarded from that office in the Quincy mail bag, belonged to Red Bluff and the Northern portion of the State, and the P. M. at the Mountain House had to send it back to Oroville by the next mail, and it may be that the matter designed for Quincy and vicinity has gone to Yreka, Oregon or the British possessions. We have not "growled" but little in regard to the non-arrival of our exchanges, during the season, but "forbearance has ceased to be a virtue" in our case, and if the P. M. at Oroville is the one to blame, we shall place the blame where it belongs, and in this connection we would state that but one number of the Oroville Union has reached us in five weeks. It would do no harm if the P. O. Agent, or some one directly interested, would inquire into the management of the Oroville Post-office. Who seconds the motion.

P. S.—Since the above was written and in type, the mail has arrived, and with it we received a host of exchanges. Among them we find the Daily Bee of Dec. 22d,—only twenty-one days old,—and several weekly papers of Dec. 11th. "Uncle Samuel's" post route to Quincy is a "fast" institution.

UNITED STATES VS. ENGLAND.—We call the special attention of our readers to an editorial from the San Bee, entitled, "Seward to Wharnccliffe." We publish it because it touches the very marrow of the question, and is a true exemplification of the feeling of the American people towards those who have permitted the Alabama, Florida and other pirates to be fitted out in their ports, armed with British guns, and manned with British sailors, to harass and destroy the commerce of our country. Frenchmen call England, perfidious Albion. She is worse than that; she is hypocritical, and has no national soul, above the pockets of her shop keepers. Twice has she come in armed conflict with the young giant of the American World, and if the third conflict comes, let her beware; for the legions who have reduced Donelson, Vicksburg, Atlanta and Savannah will be glad to avenge the wrongs done to the Republic by England, under the pecksniffian cry of belligerent rights. She is rapidly nearing the magazine, and if not careful, it may explode to her injury.

TYPGRAPHICAL ERROR.—A compositor in the Appeal office, in setting up the words, Virgin Mary, made it read Virginia Mary. Another of our exchanges in speaking of the Internal Revenue, said, instead, Infernal Revenue. Another, in speaking of a man of some note, lately deceased, undertook to say, "He subsequently commenced life as a legal practitioner, but was diverted from it by his love of letters." The editor did not look at his proof-sheet, and he had the pleasure of reading in his paper, "He subsequently commenced life as a politician, but was diverted from it by his love of letters!"

CRUDE PETROLEUM.—Recently some seventy cases of petroleum, in a crude state were shipped to San Francisco from Stockton. This is said to be the first shipment from an oil well lately discovered near Buena Vista lake, Tulare county. E. Benoist, of San Francisco, left San Francisco on the 20th of last November, having been employed by the Trustees of Buena Vista Petroleum Company, to examine the springs. In his report, which is published in the Mariposa Gazette, he says:

Having visited several places, on this coast where oil has been reported as discovered, I became convinced from general indications that at last I had found the spot that would surpass all previous prospects, and I beg leave to assure you that I have the fullest confidence in being able to demonstrate that these wells are unsurpassed by anything yet discovered on this coast, and by development will equal if not exceed, in quantity and quality, the famed wells of Pennsylvania. He feels assured that from the easy flow of the springs at a depth of fifty feet, "a sufficient number of wells could be made at that depth to produce 50,000 gallons per day, at a small expense." The engineer states that he has one hundred gallons of crude oil in transit, and on his return to San Francisco, will make samples for inspection by any parties who wish to satisfy themselves in regard to its quality.

STILL OUT OFF.—Red Bluff, and the Northern country is still cut off from the whole world and the rest of mankind as far as mails are concerned. We have had just one mail in eight days.—[Independent.]

We can fully appreciate the situation. It is decidedly pleasant, ain't it?

## SEWARD TO WHARNCLIFFE.

The eruption of a mountain long silent and chill under its cap of snow; the sudden flourish of a six-shooter by a drab disciple of George Fox; an angry claw from a caressing cat; a sinewy blow from a hand gloved with daintiest kid, could hardly startle one more than a sharp, scathing, indignant protest against British sentiment and policy from the facile pen of Secretary Seward. How surcharged with explosive elements the little sage of Auburn was when the spark was indiscreetly applied, or how the steady-going diplomatic pacer must have been galloped before he kicked over the traces, we may surmise after recovering from the shock of surprise. Consider the case. Here is the manager of Brother Johnathan's relations with his neighbors of the family of nations, who for nearly four years has been, to all outward appearance, mild explaining, apologizing, coaxing, soothing adjusting and boiling in the silken harness of diplomacy, as he has declared, to deprive our household enemies of foreign sympathy and support. In the devoted pursuit of this purpose, he has incurred the odium of cowardice, of truckling to foreign potentates, of sacrificing the honor and dignity of his country, of being the Quaker Minister of a warrior Power, and so general had become this impression that he had fewer friends among the supporters of the Government than any other member of the Cabinet. To be fiercely excited by the insults and menaces of England and France, and to abuse Seward for not resenting them with manly and determined spirit, was the habit of the popular mind, and we are not prepared to maintain that this restiveness under a policy of cringing and "whispered humbleness" was not pardonable or inspired by a sound conviction of such humiliation being unnecessary. The British Cabinet seemed too well pleased with Seward's policy. It was a popular impression that if ever a rupture of our relations with England became inevitable, the President would be compelled to transfer the Secretary's portfolio to a bolder hand. Either the Minister, whose position gave him a better opportunity for learning the full measure of British perfidy had long been bottling his indignation from motives of expediency, and had therefore been unjustly censured by his countrymen, or British persistence insult, combined with the severe criticism of loyal men, had braced his too pliant spine; for, suddenly, about the time Tory bravado expected to be gratified by a humble apology to Brazil for the seizure of the Florida, our friends over the water were startled by the publication of a letter to Lord Wharnccliffe, in which, released from diplomatic fetters, Seward opened upon the British supporters of the slave-holder's rebellion and the policy pursued by the British Government throughout the war. The spur might have galloped a more submissive man than Seward. This Lord Wharnccliffe is the President of an association of aristocrats and shipping merchants, the avowed object of which is "to promote the cause of Southern independence," or in plainer words, the destruction of the United States. That body has not confined itself to talking in favor of the rebels, intriguing to secure their recognition as an independent power by the British Parliament and reviling our Government for striving to exist, but has raised large sums for supplying the insurgents with means to carry on the war. One of the recent schemes of this detestable society for the purpose of stimulating sympathy for the rebels was a subscription for the relief of rebel prisoners who were represented to be pining and perishing in the dungeons of the North. The project was based on an infamous libel—a false impeachment of the humanity of our national authorities, and the lordly individual who transmitted the application for permission to relieve the prisoners no doubt insinuated the charge in his letter to Seward. Here, then, was an epistle from a man who had been laboring to protract the horrors of war in the United States, and the consequent miseries of want in Lancashire, assuming that this Government treated the insurgent prisoners with barbarity, and hypocritically asking permission to relieve these alleged victims of Yankee cruelty. We can well imagine that the Secretary of State, upon reading this effusion of British impudence, and considering the source, conceived that next to the forbidden luxury of kicking the author, it would be quite a relief to give him and his class, and the Government which is controlled by his class, a large piece of American mind. And Seward appears to have improved the opportunity, if we may judge from the remarks of the London Times which have been transmitted by telegraph. "Seward must be hard pressed when he thinks it necessary to express so much indignation on so trifling an affair," sneers the Times. The trifling was the straw that broke the overladen camel's back—the last of a series of insults and outrages which Secretary Seward has endured with an excess of patience which the nation has condemned. "His letter indicates that he is prepared to make the most of the least official slip that may be made on the part of the British Cabinet or any of its representatives," adds the same organ of British opinion. If this means that Seward is prepared to stand boldly forth hereafter in demanding that our American nationality shall be treated with the respect accorded to the first of European Powers, insisting upon the full acquittance of our just claim for damages resulting from British piracy and renegeing a persistence in extending foreign aid to an insurrection within our borders, we trust the "Thunderer" is not mistaken. The great body of the people of the loyal States will be correctly represented by that attitude and will cordially sustain the new foreign policy of the Government.—[San Bee.]

THE number of physicians in the United States, is twenty-two thousand four hundred and sixty-three; of lawyers, thirty-two thousand one hundred and sixty-three; of clergymen, thirty-seven thousand five hundred and twenty-nine.

According to its voting population San Francisco appears to be the sixth city, in size, in the Union. New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Cincinnati and Chicago only cast more votes than San Francisco.

The Stark Mills at Manchester, New Hampshire, have commenced spinning flax. Before the war these mills were making 100,000 seamless cotton bags per month. They expect soon to turn out 16,000 of linen per day.

The high revenue tax on matches is causing a great falling off in their manufacture, and three large concerns have recently moved their establishments from Maine to New Brunswick, as they can be imported for less money than the home tax amounts to.

TWELVE silver bricks, weighing in the aggregate 1,100 pounds, were received at Portland recently from the Owyhee mines. Some of them contained so much gold as to be rated at \$12 per ounce. The necessity of a branch mint at Portland or the Dalles can no longer be doubted.

THE Legislature of Idaho Territory have located the capital at that growing and important Territory at Boise City; certainly the most proper place for it as being the center of the great mining regions of Boise and Owyhee and situated on the rich valley land of Boise river.

THE votes of Maine and California were nearly equal at the late Presidential election. Maine polled 108,044 votes; California 105,973, excluding several precincts for informality in the returns. In Maine the majority for Lincoln was 17,314, and in California 18,280.

OREGON.—Our Electors, says the Statesman, experienced sore trouble in determining who should carry the vote to Washington and draw the mileage. Over forty ballots were taken before a result was obtained. Our friend Gazley, however, having "the longest pole," finally "brought down the perismons."

THE mileage is the same as that of Senator or Representative from Oregon, and amounts for Oregon to \$5,960.

ADULT.—This term was applied to the most secret and retired part of the temple or place where the mysteries were celebrated, and into which none but the priests were allowed to enter.—It answers to the sanctum sanctorum of the Jews. In the ancient British and other mysteries the three pillars called by us Wisdom, Strength and Beauty, represented the divine triad. In those mysteries the three stones or pillars supporting the Adytum were supposed to convey a regenerative surety to the aspirant after he had accomplished the trials of initiation in all their varied and solemn formalities.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

THE Specific Contract Act, passed by the Nevada Legislature, has been signed by the Governor, and is now a law.

B. B. Redding has been appointed by the Governor a Trustee of the State Library, vice Dr. J. F. Morse, of San Francisco, resigned.

THERE are 120,000 persons employed in the bonnet factories in Massachusetts, and they send away annually nearly eight million bonnets and hats.

A MRS. BLAKE, who was suffering from delirium tremens, threw herself off the wharf at the foot of Oregon street, San Francisco, on Monday noon, the 2nd inst., and was rescued by special officer O'Daley.

ALBERT E. SMITH, of Taunton, Massachusetts, who has lost both legs in the war, voted for Lincoln and Johnson, and a collection of nearly five hundred dollars was taken up for him on the spot.

A SISTER-IN-LAW OF JEFF. DAVIS.—A Vicksburg paper says: "The residence of Mrs. Lucy Davis, a sister-in-law of Jeff. Davis, was most beautifully illuminated lately in honor of the election of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States."

It is stated by a Petersburg (Va.) paper, that in three weeks, six hundred thousand pounds of Yankee shells have been collected by parties in the city, and sold to the Rebel Ordnance Department.

THE Grass Valley Union says, a few days since, some miners prospecting in the neighborhood of Bald Mountain, between Orr's Ranch and Auburn, struck a very rich "pocket" of quartz, from which they obtained upwards of \$5,000 in a few hours.

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THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPT BILL.—This bill, which passed the United States House of Representatives, December 12th, was carried by a vote of 76 to 56. The bill, which at last accounts had not passed the Senate, had in it a clause providing that it should take effect June 1, 1865.

GOON.—The Flag has received the contract for the city printing in San Francisco.

THE New Age.—Such is the title of a new weekly, published at San Francisco by W. W. Broughton, who joins proprietorship with editorial duties.

It is devoted to the advancement of the interest of Odd Fellowship, and the editor enters upon his work with commendable zeal. To the numerous Odd Fellows scattered throughout this vicinity, we would call their attention to this new journal, being as we are informed, the only paper on this coast, published for their especial benefit, and one which, judging by the number before us, of unusual literary excellence. Price, \$5 per annum.

Zack Montgomery is making a tour, lecturing on his "educational" ideas. Of course Zack makes his staple argument on the perverse disposition of this generation to stray away from the "Democratic fold." Linthicum—he of the Express in '61,—sits in Zack's editorial chair during Zack's perambulations. "Par noble patrum."

A NEW WAY.—The rebel emissaries in N. Y. City are practicing a new way to "fire the Northern heart,"—easily accomplished without much brain labor—All it needs is a little phosphorus scattered around loosely in a large and crowded hotel. Even old Tammany did not escape these friendly greetings of "our Southern brethren."

It is said that the Rothschilds, for whom August Belmont is agent in this country have \$100,000,000 invested in the Southern Confederacy.—[Ex.]

Does not that item account to a great extent for the wonderful activity of the "Chicago Democracy," under Belmont's lead?

THE G. V. Union guesses that General Naglee, who came all the way from America to make McDowell back down in his charges against the "Salt River Traveller," McClellan, is only a Bragadier.

THE Astor Library comprises in its catalogue about 120,000 volumes. There was last year expended the sum of \$3,255 89 for new books.

AT WAR.—The Typographical Union and the Flag are having a wordy war. The Union denounces the Flag as a "rat office," and the Flag says the Union is a "black mail concern."

MARRIAGES.  
At Howland Flat, Jan. 1st, Mr. A. J. HOWE to Mrs. CATHERINE JOHNSON.

BIRTHS.  
At Quincy, the 10th inst., the wife of Wm. W. Kellogg, of a daughter.  
Near Petaluma, Dec. 21, 1864, the wife of W. D. Mason, of a son.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INCOME TAX NOTICE.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICE.  
QUINCY, January 14th, 1865.  
Notice is hereby given that the List of Special Income Taxes, (of five per cent.) under the Excise Laws of the United States, Enacted by joint Resolution of July 4, 1864, as amended by J. M. Avery in the county of Plumas and Lassen has been returned to this office for collection, and that the Taxes thereon have become due and payable.

The collector will be at his office, in Quincy, Plumas county, Cal., until January 25th, 1865.—  
At Taylorville,..... January 26th.  
" Summit House,..... February 3d.  
" Rose & Evans',..... February 4th.  
" Millford,..... February 5th.  
" Jacksonville,..... February 6th.  
" Susanville,..... Feb'y 7th & 8th.  
And at office at Quincy until February 15th to receive and receipt for Taxes and Duties, and all persons who shall neglect to pay the Taxes as aforesaid assessed upon them to the said Collector within thirty days from this date, shall be liable to pay 10 per cent additional thereon, and the amount so due shall be a lien in favor of the United States from the time it was assessed until paid, with the interest, penalties and costs that may accrue upon all property, and the rights to property, belonging to such person or persons.

ALFRED BRIGGS,  
JNO. S. ROOT, Collector Fourth District.  
Deputy. 12-td

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Came to the Ranch of the undersigned, on or about the 10th of July last, a sorrel Horse with blaze in the forehead; also saddle marks; no brands, and about seven years old.  
Long Valley. 8-td THOS. HARTERY.

INDEPENDENT G. & S. MINING CO.—Notice is hereby given that the regular Annual Meeting of the above named Company will be held at Galena, Nevada, on the first Monday in January at 7 o'clock, for the election of Officers.

E. C. MCKINNEY, Sec'y.  
Galena, Nevada, Nov. 28th, 1864. 8-3w

Grand Ball!!

AT  
Taylorville, Indian Valley,  
ON  
Wednesday Eve., February 22d, 1865.

A Grand Ball will be given at the VERNON HOUSE, Taylorville, on Wednesday Evening, February 22d, 1865, and a general invitation is extended.

12-td J. HARRIS, Prop'r.

## Special Notices.

NORTH SUPERIOR COPPER MINING COMPANY, Union District, Plumas County, Cal.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 22d day of December, 1864, an assessment of forty cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold and silver coin, to the Secretary at the office of the Company, No. 338 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on Saturday, the 21st day of January, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1865, at the salesroom of Maurice Dore & Co., No. 337 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. B. SHERMAN, Secretary.  
Office, Room 72, No. 338 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. 11-td.

CRESCENT EXTENSION QUARTZ

Mining Company, Indian Valley, Plumas County, California.—WHEREAS, Stockholders representing more than two thirds of the Capital Stock of said mining Company, have expressed their desire for the removal of the office or principal place of business of said Company, from Indian Valley, Plumas county, of the State of California, to the city and county of San Francisco, and have given their consent in writing for such removal as by statute required. Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in accordance with the act of the Legislature approved February 15th, 1864, the Board of Trustees, of said Company will after the publication of this notice for thirty days from the first day of publication take the proper steps to legalize the removal of the office or principal place of business of said Company.

SAMUEL J. HEGEMAN, Secretary.

October, '64. 11-td

SUPERIOR COPPER MINING COMPANY, Union Mining District, Plumas Co., Cal.—OFFICE—Chico, Butte Co. Cal. NOTICE.—A Meeting of the Stockholders of the Superior Copper Mining Company, will be held on the 10th day of January, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the Office of the Company in Chico, Butte County, California, for the purpose of electing three Trustees to manage the affairs of the Company. By order of the Board of Trustees.

R. H. ALLEN, Secretary.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.—THOSE OF OUR readers who require a light motive power in the prosecution of their business, will do well to read the advertisement under the above heading, to be found elsewhere in our columns. Hunt's Patent Self-Regulating Horse Powers have been used extensively in this State during the past two years, and have become famous for the evenness with which they run. They will answer every purpose of a steam engine, and are well adapted for use in Quartz Mills, and for running machinery for turning Wood, Brass or Iron, also for sawing Wood or for Scroll Sawing. Farmers will also find them exceedingly convenient for various purposes. The first cost of the machines are very light, as they do not get out of repair. They will be found to be the most convenient motive power for light work that has yet been invented.

Dissolution.

Tax Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm name and style of McQuinn & Compton, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. D. COMPTON.

Round Valley, Nov. 11, 1864.

J. D. COMPTON will continue the mercantile business at the old location, and solicits a share of public patronage.

4-w. J. D. COMPTON.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO CALL THE attention of those who require motive power for such purposes as the Sawing of Wood, Scroll Work, Wood and Brass-turning, Sausage-meat Choppers, or any other business requiring a light motive power to his

PATENT SELF-REGULATING HORSE POWER MACHINES.

These machines are so constructed that they can be set up by any one, and require but little attention. Their first cost is very light, and they are not likely to get out of repair. For further particulars enquire of

E. O. HUNT,

25, Second St., San Francisco.

CUNNINGHAM & HOLTHOUSE,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF FALL and Winter Goods, embracing the latest

Styles & Patterns,

to which we invite the attention of the Public in general.

FOR THE CURE OF ALL

DISEASES HAVING THEIR ORIGIN IN DERANGEMENT OF THE

NERVOUS SYSTEM, WATT'S NERVOUS

ANTIDOTE WILL BE FOUND TO BE AN INFALLIBLE

REMEDY. For sale by all Druggists.

SUMMONS.

In the Justice's Court, Indian Township,

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

County of Plumas.

The People of the State of California send greeting to T. J. HARVEY:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR before me, at my office in the County of Indian, in the county of Plumas, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1865, at 12 o'clock, M. to answer unto the complaint of Edwin Gilford, who has commenced suit against you to recover the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars and interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month from the 7th day of May, 1864, upon a promissory note on file in this office, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said county. Creating.

Make legal service and due return hereof:

Given under my hand, this 13th day of November, A. D. 1864.

A. F. BLOOD,

Justice of the Peace.

IT appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of this court that the defendant above named has departed from this State, it is ordered that service of summons be had by publication in the Quincy Union (a weekly paper published at the town of Quincy in this county) once a week for three months.

A. F. BLOOD, J. L.



# The Quincy Union.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

**PLEASANT.**—The weather thus far this year has been cool, breezy and clear.

**OUR THANKS.**—We are due our good-looking friend Byers of the Coburn House, for spiritual favors. Call again.

**SANITARY.**—The Executive Committee at San Francisco, acknowledges the receipt of \$55.75, contributed by the citizens of Taylorville, in this county.

**SKATING.**—This Down-East amusement is now being daily practiced by our people, who find a good chance to do so at the pond on the Illinois Ranch. It is a healthy exercise, and one in which the women should join hands.

**SANITARY.**—We propose that the Soldiers' Aid Society of this place get up a Ball in aid of the Sanitary Commission, on Washington's birthday. We feel confident that, if the proper efforts were made, a handsome sum could be obtained.

**THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION** will explain the paucity of "local" this week:

"Local"—I want you to do the local this week, will you? Editor—"Why?" "L.—Well, you see, we've got an 'incident' at our house, and it weighs nine pounds!" For further particulars, see births in this week's issue.

**NURSANCE.**—The case of Light vs. Blood, has come to a conclusion in the County Court, and our citizens generally, who were in attendance, have been lucidly informed of what a nuisance consists. The verdict was for the Plaintiff, with damages assessed at \$50. Motion for new trial was made, and overruled by the Court. Defendant proposes to appeal, we understand.

**MISSION.**—The stated meetings of Plumas Lodge, No. 60, F. & A. M., take place on the evenings of the following dates during the year 1865: January 14th, (to-night); February 11th; March 18th; April 15th; May 13th; June 10th; July 8th; August 12th; September 9th; October 7th; November 4th; December 2nd and 27th. The meetings of Quincy R. A. Chapter, No. 32, take place on the following evenings: January 7th; February 4th; March 11th; April 8th; May 6th; June 3rd; July 1st; August 5th; September 2d and 30th; October 28th; November 25th, and December 30th. The members of the Lodge and Chapter will find it convenient for reference to preserve the above.

**HARMLESS AMUSEMENT.**—The Auburn Stars and Stripes has the following good natured hit at some of our Copperhead brethren who feel to sympathize strongly with the sons of Dixie:

A noisy Dixieite, loaded to the guards with the tarantula juice for which our Auburn saloons are famous, has been myandering our streets for some days, repeating the gist of the campaign speeches of Axtell, Coffroth and Hamilton. He has indulged in profane adjurations concerning Black Republicans, greenbacks, the war, etc.; but we have fallen into column and regard him as "misguided" and are disposed to consider "a large majority" of him deeply attached to the Union.

A NICE PLACE.—The San Jose Mercury thus speaks of a locality in Monterey county: "San Juan, in Monterey county comes nearer being utterly God-forsaken than any other place in California, with the exception, perhaps, of Allison's Ranch. Men are shot down and murdered in that region for no other offense than that of being 'Abolitionists' or 'Lincolmites.' The leading Secessionists of San Juan, led by the editor of the Statesman, publicly avow that they have the same right to murder Union men, and pillage their property, that Sherman has to destroy the property of their friends in Georgia."

**GUERRILLAS CHARMED BY MUSIC.**—The old saying that "Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast" was exemplified on the last trip of the steamer James Watson from New Orleans to this port. When nearing, says the Vicksburg Herald, a dangerous point about fifty miles from here, she was hailed by about sixty guerrillas on the bank of the river. The Captain, thinking discretion the better part of valor, requesting some officers and soldiers, who were standing upon the deck at the time, to go below, he ordered the tune of Dixie to be played on the caliope. Instead of the rebels firing, they commenced cheering the steamer, and she passed on her way unmolested.—[Memphis Argus.]

**THANKS.**—To Bancroft, of San Francisco, the well-known bookseller, for a copy of the Pacific Almanac and a diary for 1865. The latter is especially valuable from the full statistical tables it contains. Any of our readers needing diaries, know where to get one,—at Bancroft & Co.'s store, San Francisco.

A DANCER in one of the Cincinnati theaters, died lately from drinking icy-water. She had been dancing, and in passing from the green-room to the stage in response to the second encore, she drank a glass of water and dropped dead before the audience.—[Exchange.]

That accounts for the dislike some people have for water,—the natural dread of death.

**NEGRO EQUALITY.**—Spectators in the Courtroom, yesterday, were considerably amused at seeing Dr. H. Davis, one of the leading Knights of the Columbian Star, in Grass Valley, called forward and sworn as a witness in company with a number of negroes. The Knight was not the most intelligent or respectable man in the crowd, either.—Nevada Gazette.

**LEAP YEAR GONE.**—The Pajaro Times mourns dolefully over the fact that Leap Year has gone by without an offer having been made to either of the editors of that paper.—Ex.

If the editors of that paper have not got "sprunk" enough to make the offer themselves, they ought to "mount dolefully" all their lives.

**ADMISSION.**—Among the midshipmen who received their warrants as graduates of the United States Naval Academy, on the 22d of November, were F. H. Sheppard and J. C. Kennett, of Missouri; S. H. Baker, of Arkansas, and S. Wilson, of California.

There have been, says the Appeal, recruited at the Provost Marshal's office in this city, since October last, three hundred and fifteen men.

The Mendocino Herald announces that it "takes potatoes for subscription."—[Ex.]

And lucky if it gets 'em?

**NEW DRESS.**—The Soc. Bee, a wide-awake little Daily, comes to us in a new dress, and is much improved in appearance by the change.

Hon. George M. Dallas, Vice-President under James K. Polk, died in Philadelphia on Saturday the 31st ult.

## Advertisements.

Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World.

## HARPER'S

### NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

[Critical Notices of the Press.] It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The friends never had a more delightful companion, nor the million more entertaining friend, than Harper's Magazine.—[Methodist Protestant, (Baltimore).]

The most popular Monthly in the world.—[New York Observer.]

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellences of Harper's Magazine—a Journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good cuts; and it combines in itself the very monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of a daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—[Traveller's Guide to American Literature, London.]

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading and can be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—[Boston Courier.]

## California Subscriptions.

1865.

Being desirous of extending the influence of their publications in this section, the Publishers of Harper's Magazine and Weekly will pay particular attention to subscription from the PACIFIC STATES, and subscribers may rely upon the prompt arrival of their Magazines by mail.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

## TERMS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year, \$4.00

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine or Weekly will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for \$20.00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Twenty-nine volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for \$2.18 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, \$2.00. Club cases, for binding 50 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin Square, New York.

## A Complete Pictorial History of the Times.

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

## HARPER'S WEEKLY,

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

## Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best family newspaper published in the United States."—New London Advertiser.

"The model Newspaper of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—Harper's Weekly has earned for itself a right to its title, 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—New York Evening Post.

"This paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—New York Evangelist.

"A necessity in every household."—Boston Transcript.

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—Phila. Press.

"The best of its class in America."—Boston Traveller.

## SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1865.

## Harper's Weekly for California.

Being desirous of extending the influence of their publications in this section the publishers of Harper's Magazine and Weekly will pay particular attention to subscriptions from the Pacific States, and subscribers may rely upon the prompt arrival of their papers by each mail from New York. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictorial showbill on application.

The publishers having perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication. The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

## Terms.

Harper's Weekly, one year, \$4.00.

An Extra Copy of either the Weekly or Magazine will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for \$20.00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$6 each. A Complete Set, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$4.50 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin Square, New York.

## ASSAYERS' MATERIAL

RECEIVED BY EXPRESS, AND FOR CASH.

RECEIVED BY EXPRESS, AND FOR CASH.

## Advertisements.

**NOTICE TO FEDERAL TAXPAYERS.**—UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICE, TENTH DIVISION, FOURTH DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, QUINCY, DEC. 3d, 1864. All Licensees for the year 1864, and all Monthly Payers up to and including the month of November, remaining unpaid for five days, this notice, will be subjected to an addition of ten per cent.

A. BRIGGS, Collector. Jno. S. Root, Deputy. 6-1d

## The Best and the Cheapest.

IMPORTANT TO THOSE ENGAGED IN MINING.

THE undersigned begs leave to call the attention of parties who propose erecting mills for mining purposes, to the little now being manufactured for sale by Hinkley & Co., at the Fulton Foundry on First Street, San Francisco.

## MOORE'S GRINDER And Amalgamator

Is admitted by those who have used it to be the most perfect, economical, and

## SCIENTIFIC MACHINE

YET INVENTED for the purpose for which it is intended. This machine is very simple in its construction, is not likely to get out of repair, is very easily set up, and CAN BE RUN BY ANY MAN OF ORDINARY INTELLIGENCE. IT CAN BE RUN AT LESS COST than any other machine now in use, and will perform anything like the amount of work that can be done with this.

Two of the Grinders and Five Mills will work TWENTY TONS OF ROCK PER DAY with twelve horse power.

One of these machines is now set up at the Fulton Foundry, and Mr. Moore, the inventor, is in constant attendance, and will take pleasure in explaining the working of the machine to those who desire it.

Several of the machines are now in operation in various parts of the State, and are turning out work at twenty-five per cent. less than any other machine now in use.

Parties desiring to have Quartz Mills erected will find it greatly to their advantage to examine these before making arrangements elsewhere.

Quartz Mills of every description manufactured to order, on the most reasonable terms.

ALBERT MOORE.

## DR. C. W. MOORE'S

### MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

Commercial street, a few doors below Kearney Street.

ATTENDING AND RESIDENT PHYSICIAN.

C. W. MOORE, M. D.

Late Surgeon, U. S. A., Quarantine Physician at New Orleans and Boston, Lecturer on Morbid Anatomy and Diseases of Women & Children, Member of Massachusetts Medical Society, etc.

## DR. MOORE WOULD RE-

spectfully inform the people of California that he has established an Institute for the

## CURE OF DISEASES,

WHETHER CHRONIC OR ACUTE.

AT 641 COMMERCIAL STREET.

A few doors below Kearney, where he may be consulted at all hours.

DISEASES OF THE UTERINE AND OVARIAN FUNCTIONS, Chamberlain's medicine, suppressed or painful menstruation, pain in the sides and back, sensation of weight in the pelvis, weakness, nervous headaches, leucorrhoea or white discharges, and all other diseases of the female system, are cured by the principles and a prompt and permanent cure effected.

## NERVOUS AFFECTIONS.

Such as neuritis, paralysis, giddiness, dimness of vision, etc., will receive special attention.

## DISEASES OF THE SEXUAL ORGANS.

Male and female are treated with all the skill and appliances which modern science has made available. Nauseous drugs and poisons, which are so often administered for weeks without benefit, are entirely discarded, and a few days only are required to accomplish a perfect cure.

## SECONDARY AND HEREDITARY AFFECTIONS.

Syphilis in all its manifold forms, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and all other diseases treated with all the skill and appliances which modern science has made available. Nauseous drugs and poisons, which are so often administered for weeks without benefit, are entirely discarded, and a few days only are required to accomplish a perfect cure.

Scrofula in all its manifold forms, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and all other diseases treated with all the skill and appliances which modern science has made available. Nauseous drugs and poisons, which are so often administered for weeks without benefit, are entirely discarded, and a few days only are required to accomplish a perfect cure.

Twenty years practice in the most difficult parts of the world, has given the doctor extensive practical experience, and his remarkable success warrants a promise of effectual cure.

Medicines with full directions will be sent to any part of the State on receipt of letter describing symptoms.

An Infirmary is connected with the establishment, where patients who desire to receive medical and surgical attention during their sickness, may reside, and the convenience of a hotel. Kind and attentive nurses will be employed, and no means will be left untried to give full satisfaction. Consultation free.

## TO THE LADIES.

Females in trouble, or afflicted with disease, are respectfully invited to call on DR. MOORE and consult him about their troubles. His uniform success in his treatment of female diseases, and his scientific attainments, let no false delicacy prevent you, but call at once, and have yourself from future suffering, and all its attendant evils, entirely freed, and his prices are arranged for the sick and poor.

Address, 641, Commercial street, San Francisco.

## WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE!!

A Certificate of Cure that Every One Should Read!!

SAN FRANCISCO, AUGUST 1st, 1864.

MESSES. CRANE & BRIGHAM, DRUGGISTS—Cor. of Clay and Front Streets.

GENTLEMEN:—I induce an advertisement in the newspapers, that you are the Agents for WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE, and being satisfied that there are many persons in this State that are suffering with RHEUMATISM, and would gladly avail themselves of any preparation that would cure them, I thought it a duty I owed to suffering humanity, to make a statement of my case.

Some time since, resting upon a Rail Road, I strained my back severely, in attempting to lift a car wheel, being in a pious perspiration at the time, and being compelled to go home without a cure, I suffered severely, which eventually brought on the Rheumatism which kept me confined to the house a large portion of the time for several years. I consulted most of the leading physicians in Sacramento, and in this city, visited the Warm Springs at Alameda, tried the various compounds that are advertised as cures for this terrible disease, but all to no purpose. My complaint, instead of getting better, grew worse, my left leg became partially paralyzed, the pains in the back and chest became so intense, that I often wished myself dead. I could not sleep more than two hours of a night, my appetite failed me, and I grew emaciated day after day, until finally, I made up my mind that my troubles would soon be over. While walking down Clay Street one day, in 1862, I met a gentleman with whom I was formerly acquainted. He enquired the nature of my disease, and upon being informed he stated that he had several years before been similarly afflicted in Washington, and that he had cured himself by the use of WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE. This was the first time that I had heard of the medicine, and I determined to give it a trial. I procured a half dozen bottles, and before I had used two of them I could sleep all night, my appetite had improved and I felt considerable relief. Encouraged by the apparent improvement, I determined to persevere in the use of it, as it was my only hope. I did so, and used it at intervals for two years. I found its effect slow but very sure, until now, I am entirely cured. I HAVE NOT HAD AN ATTACK OF RHEUMATISM FOR SIX MONTHS. My back is as strong and as well as ever, my leg is as good as new, my appetite altogether good for my pocket, and I am physically as strong as I was ten years ago, and feel myself able to whip any man of my size and age in the city.

Noting that this plain statement of my sufferings and ultimate cure will fall under the eye of some one similarly afflicted that he may be benefited by my experience.

I am, Gentlemen, Your most obedt.

NOTE.—The gentleman who wrote the above card does not wish his name to appear in print, but it will be given to those who wish to see him personally.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE is for sale, Wholesale, by CRANE & BRIGHAM, Cor. of Clay and Front Streets, San Francisco, and by respectable Druggists every where.

4-3m

## Advertisements.

### TREASURER'S AND AUDITOR'S REPORT For the Quarter ending Dec. 7th, 1864.

To the Board of Supervisors, Plumas Co., California:

To balance cash on hand Sept. 7th, 1864, \$4,584 70  
To cash received during Quarter, 17,834 23  
Total, \$22,418 93  
Disbursements during Quarter, \$22,418 93  
By amount paid warrants on General Fund, \$2,896 41  
County Gen. Fund, 24 55  
County School Fund, 117 31  
County Ind. Sick Fund, 175 86  
County Ind. Sick Fund, 124 13  
Mineral T. P. Road Fund, 78 73  
Indian T. P. Road Fund, 3 41  
Total, \$4,584 70

Warrants outstanding against General Fund, \$17,778 00

Issued during the Quarter, 4,612 23

Redeemed during Quarter, \$5,096 41

Outstanding Sept. 7, 1864, 10,394 29

Total, \$22,390 29

Warrants outstanding against Build'g Fund, \$4,480 61

Issued during the Quarter, 80 00

Outstanding Sept. 7, 1864, \$4,560 61

Total, \$4,560 61

Warrants outstanding against Road Fund, \$250 00

Issued during the Quarter, 250 00

Outstanding Sept. 7, 1864, \$500 00

Total, \$500 00

Warrants outstanding against Ind. Sick Fund, \$48 75

Issued during the Quarter, 275 00

Redeemed during Quarter, \$448 75

Outstanding Sept. 6, 1864, \$275 00

Total, \$275 00

Warrants outstanding against County Building Fund, \$16,203 88

County Building Fund, 4,540 61

County Road Fund, 450 00

County Ind. Sick Fund, 275 00

Total, \$21,669 49

W. W. KELLOGG, Auditor. S. J. CLARK, Treasurer. Sept 7th, 1864. 3-4t

## Sore Throat.

Cough, Cold, and all similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections, often incurable.

## BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are recommended as the best remedy for the cure of the above diseases, and for all other affections of the Throat, Lungs, and Bronchi.

Agents for California, REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco. 3-4w

## Legal Advertisements.

### ONE PRICE STORE!!

OHAS. T. KAULBACK,

[Opposite Court House, Quincy, Plumas Co.]

DEALER IN—

General Merchandise,

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Fancy Goods, Carpets,

Furnishing Goods.

Yankee Notions,

Boots & Shoes, Hats,

Crockery Ware, Glass Ware,

Groceries, Provisions,

Tobacco, Cigars,

Hardware, Willow Ware,

Liquors, Wines,

Paints, Oils,

&c., &c., &c.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident he can give perfect satisfaction. 47-1t

## J. BLOCH & CO.,

General Dealers in

## GROCERIES,

Provisions, Produce,

Wines, Liquors,

Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

Opposite Wells Fargo & Co.'s Office,

Montgomery Street,

## Oroville.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A full and large assortment of every article in our line of business, and are daily receiving fresh supplies. We sell none but the best of

## FAMILY GROCERIES,

THE CHOICEST

California Cured Meats,

Teas, Coffee,

Lard,

Ranch Butter,

Isthmus Butter,

Pickles,

Preserves,

Spices,

Corn Meal,

Extra Family Flour,

&c., &c., &c.

DEALERS will find it to their advantage to examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Cash paid for Hay, Grain, Butter and Eggs, Hides, and for all description of Farmer's Produce.

## FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

Agency of Anaheim's Wine Growers' Association.

44-1t J. BLOCH & CO.

## THE LEADING INSURANCE CO.

### PHENIX

Insurance Company,

Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital, \$600,000 00



## NO DOGS TO LOVE.

No dog to love, none to adore,  
How can I ever miss adoration?  
Chuck is defunct, dead as a nail;  
Hushed is his bark, and still is his tale.  
O such a tale, white on the end,  
Ophid he chases it with wiggle and bend;  
Chase it with nose twisting around,  
Till overcom he reposed on the ground.  
Now he's extinct, dead as a nail,  
Where is the bark and the wag of his tale?

In dreams alone poor Chuck I see,  
Swigging his milk or else scratching a flea;  
'Tis but a dream, waking I weep,  
For under 2 feet of ground does he sleep.  
O blissful pup, rest fall of pie,  
Hav'n't I fed you day after day?  
Given you milk, given you bread,  
Given you manna pat on the head?  
Now you're extinct, dead as a nail,  
Where is the bark and the wag of your tale?

**A REBEL OFFICER SET DOWN.**—The Alexander State Journal tells how a Confederate General gets a "setting down" from an old woman:

A refugee from the head waters of the South Branch river, in Western Virginia, tells a good story of the visit of General B. J. T. J. to an old woman in the mountain regions of the Old Dominion. The aforesaid General had had a brush with Averill a few days before the visit to which we refer, and came off second best. After a skedaddle of some thirty miles, the brigade halted, and, as usual, made pretty free with the provisions and forage of the inhabitants—forage and provisions being very scarce in that locality. General J. entered the house of a farmer, where he found nobody at home but an old crane, who was solacing herself with a smoke from a cob pipe. After seating himself on the door-sill, he replenished his meerschaum and the following conversation occurred:

General.—The Yankees have done the people about here a great deal of mischief, haven't they?

Old Lady.—Wall, between them and the calvary boys, from over the mountain, we hain't much left. But if the calvary kept away from these parts, I reckon the Yanks wouldn't trouble us much.

General.—But now that General J. is here we will try to protect you. Did you ever see General J.?

Old Lady.—No, I never seed him, and I don't want to nuther. Bless your soul! I we people about here are as 'fraid of him and his men as they be of the Yanks! (Exit J.)

**A CLEAN SELL.**—A shrewd countryman was in town the other day, gawky, uncouth, and innocent enough in appearance, but in reality with his eye-teeth out. Passing up Chatham street, New York, through the Jews' quarter he was continually importuned to buy. From almost every store some one rushed out in accordance with the annoying custom of that street to seize upon and try and force him to purchase. At last one dirty-looking fellow caught him by the arm and clamorously urged him to become a customer. "Have you any shirts?" inquired the countryman, with a very innocent look. "A splendid assortment, sir. Step in, sir." Every price and every style. The cheapest in the street, sir. "Are they clean?" "To be sure, sir. Step in, sir." Then, resumed the countryman, with perfect gravity, "put one on, for you need it." The rage of the shopkeeper may be imagined, as the countryman, turning upon his heel, quietly pursued his way.

**A LADY, who was in the habit of spending a large portion of her time in the society of her neighbors, happened, one day, to be taken suddenly ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband ran a few rods, but soon returned, exclaiming, "My dear where shall I find you when I get back?"**

**A MEDICAL student under examination, being asked the different effects of heat and cold, replied: "Heat expands and cold contracts." "Quite right; can you give me an example?" "Yes, sir, in summer, which is hot, the days are longer; but in winter, which is cold, the days are shorter."**

**SARADAN inquiring of his son what side of politics he should espouse on his inauguration to St. Stephen's, the son replied that he intended to vote for those who offered best, and that he should wear on his forehead a label, "To let." "I suppose, Tom, you mean to add, 'unfurnished,'" rejoined the father.**

**THERE is a celebrated reply of Mr. Curran to a remark of Lord Clare, who curtly exclaimed at one of his legal positions: "Oh, if that be law, Mr. Curran, I may burn my law-books!" "Better read them, my lord."**

**HOW MANY a son of genius sits down daily to the task of consoling and mending human hearts while his own is breaking.**

**RAIN IN NEVADA.**—In Nevada city some thirty inches of rain have already fallen this season.

**IN the Nevada Legislature, bills have been noticed for the suppression of houses of ill fame and gambling.**

## Advertisements.

### MAKE ROOM FOR THE FLORENCE!!

IT MAKES FOUR DISTINCT STITCHES. FEEDS THE WORK EITHER WAY, SEWS THIN AND HEAVY GOODS WITHOUT CHANGE OF TENSION. WILL GATHER AND SEW ON AT THE SAME TIME.

IT MAKES A STITCH ALIKE ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FABRIC. HAS NO SPRINGS TO GET OUT OF ORDER, AND IS THE MOST RAPID SEWER IN THE WORLD. EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED.

We, the undersigned, have each purchased a FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE and have them now in use. We have thoroughly tested them on work of all grades—heavy, medium and light—and our opinion is that the Florence is durable, will not easily get out of order, is strong and simple in construction, and its use is easily learned by the most inexperienced.

It will do a greater range of work, with less trouble and change, and we consider it altogether better than any other Family Sewing Machine we have ever seen.

Mrs. Dr. Chase, 31 Turk St., S. F.  
Mrs. D. B. Coffin, 20 Clay St.,  
Mrs. J. B. Wooster, 525 Polson St.,  
Mrs. S. D. Gilmore, 518 Polson St.,  
Mrs. Daniel Dunn, 414 Polson St.,  
Mrs. J. Spinnell, 228 Rich St.,  
Mrs. Alfred Wheeler, 347 Mission St.,  
Mrs. Henry Miller, 850 Howard St.,  
Mrs. Emily Bidwell, 749 Market St.,  
Mrs. Sarah Landers, 704 Market St.,  
Mrs. E. H. Olson, 211 Geary St.,  
Mrs. C. O. Carnes, Jackson Place,  
Mrs. Branch, Pacific, near Leavenworth St.,  
Mrs. W. H. Banara, 508 Kearney St.,  
Mrs. E. Harper, Sacramento, west of Levee St.,  
Mrs. Harriet Cushing, 316 First St.,  
W. H. Rulison, Cor. Montgomery and Sac. sts.,  
Mrs. Prunett, 616 California St.,  
Mrs. M. S. Morton, 632 Sutter St.,  
Mrs. Bohm, 617 Pine St.,  
Mrs. Bradley, 612 California St.,  
Mrs. Geo. Parker, 235 Stevenson St.,  
Mrs. John C. Corbett, Mission Dolores,  
Miss McBoyle, El Dorado,  
Miss Stegman, Santa Clara,  
Mrs. John C. Corbett, Santa Clara,  
Mrs. Mary E. Burckhalter, Dutch Flat,  
Mrs. C. J. Oliver, Napa,  
Mrs. S. T. Tong, Clarksville, El Dorado Co.,  
Mrs. Redick, Fourth Crossing, Calaveras Co.,  
Mrs. C. C. Constock, Napa City,  
Mrs. Joseph Keefe, Clarksville, El Dorado Co.,  
Mrs. John O'Neill, Jamestown, Tuolumne county,  
R. H. Farman (County Clerk), Nevada City,  
E. W. Bigelow,  
N. W. Knowlton (practical machinist),  
C. M. Bates, M. D.,  
John Hanger,  
H. Mackie,  
P. Brunstetter, Grass Valley,  
O. Shorey, Seattle, W. T.,  
D. Horton, Seattle, W. T.,  
Henry Jackson, Watsonville, Santa Cruz county,  
Mrs. Bader, San Andreas,  
Mrs. Newton Damon, dress-maker and tailors,  
Seventh st., between Bryant and Brannan, S. F.

Previous to purchasing the Florence, I owned the Howe Sewing Machine, Mrs. J. Calaveras Co.,  
I used the Sloat Elliott Machine six months previous to purchasing the Florence.

Mrs. MARY CAPPY,  
Dressmaker, 16 Post street, S. F.

We, whose names follow, owned and used the Grover and Sewing Machine previous to purchasing the Florence.

Mrs. Mary A. Merchant, dressmaker, 810 Stockton street, San Francisco.  
Mrs. W. Weller, dressmaker, 306 Dupont street, San Francisco.  
Mrs. Chas. Umay, 419 Bryant street, S. F.  
E. Love, Angel's, Calaveras county.  
Mrs. W. J. Roberts, 646 Howard st., San Francisco.  
Mrs. L. H. Bayley, Portsmouth House, S. F.  
Mrs. Julia Lyons, Target street, near Tehama, San Francisco.  
Mrs. Harriet Howes, 625 Post street, S. F.

We, whose names follow, owned and used the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine previous to purchasing the Florence:

Mrs. J. D. Blain, Hubbard street, near Howard, San Francisco.  
Mrs. D. S. Reagles, 414 Polson street, S. F.  
Mrs. M. Young, 211 Stockton street, S. F.  
A. M. Flint, C. L. Flint, San Juan, Monterey county.  
Mrs. C. P. Jackson, El Dorado, El Dorado county.  
Mrs. C. L. Taylor, 312 Dupont street.  
Mrs. Sarah E. Miller, Sacramento.  
Mrs. A. Nash, corner Stevenson and 3d sts., S. F.  
Mrs. Thos. Mitchell, Mok. Hill, Calaveras Co.

The following named person owned and used the Singer Sewing Machine previous to purchasing the Florence:

Mrs. A. J. Turner, 320 Beale street, San Francisco.  
Mrs. H. B. Osborne, 612 Powell st., S. F.  
Miss Daily, Bush at below Stockton, S. F.  
Mr. Brown, 134 Sutter st., S. F.  
Mrs. F. Scherb, 673 Mission street, S. F.  
Mrs. Sarah P. Vick, dressmaker and seamstress, 109 Stevenson street, San Francisco.

We could refer to many others who are using the Florence if it were necessary to do so to convince the public that these Machines are what is claimed, the

**BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE IN THE WORLD!!**

Over Seven Hundred FLORENCE MACHINES have been sold on this coast in the short time since the Agency has been established here, and we make this strong assertion, as convincing proof of their worth, that no person can be found who has a Florence, that would exchange it for a Family Sewing Machine of any other manufacture.

**AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF THE FLORENCE MACHINE.**

Geo. A. Randall, Nevada City.  
George Vincent, Stockton.  
J. L. Polhemus, 180 J st., Sacramento.  
R. B. Handy, Yreka.  
Mrs. E. L. Larcombe, Virginia, N. T.  
L. P. Veen, Portland, Oregon.  
E. C. Seesions, Jacksonville, Oregon.  
H. Wolheim, Guaymas, Mexico.  
J. P. Collins, Traveling agent.  
L. R. Cleaves, Traveling agent.  
Thos. H. Westley, Traveling agent.

Machines will be supplied by all Local Agents at San Francisco prices, with addition of freight.

**Samuel Hill, General Agent for California and the Pacific Coast.**

**111 MONTGOMERY ST. San Francisco.**

**EXCHANGE SALOON.**

**MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.**

**THE BAR** well supplied with the best of **Wines, Liquors & Cigars.**

**BILLIARDS.** Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

**BLACKSMITH'S SHOP.** MAIN ST., QUINCY.

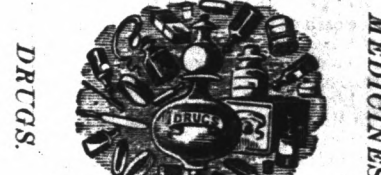
**THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public that he is now prepared to do every kind of work in his line such as:**

**Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing, Wagon Ironing, &c.,** PICKS made to order, or sharpened on short notice.

**JOHN WALKER.**

## Drugs and Medicines.

### R. H. McDONALD & CO.,



**Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento.**

**R. H. McDonald & Co., CORNER SANSOME AND PINE STREETS, San Francisco.**

The increasing business of our establishment together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a House in the city of San Francisco. Our facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

**WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior Drugs and Medicines.**

Chemicals of all kinds.  
Solid and Fluid Extracts.  
Trusses and Shoulder Braces.  
Camphene, Burning Fluid.  
Electric Preparations.  
Lard and Spermaceti.  
Alcohol, in Tin.  
Fancy Goods.

Druggists' Glass Ware,  
Retorts and Crucibles,  
Kerosene and Coal Oils,  
Soda Water Material,  
Assays' Materials,  
Abdominal Trusses,  
Patent Medicines,  
Shakers' Herbs,  
Paints and Oils.

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited, and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

**R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, GUM STOCKINGS, ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Silk Elastic Ties, for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**BREWERS' STOCK.** FRESH HOPS, IRISH MOSS, BURGUNDY Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms. N. B.—Ten bales of Hops just received by Express.

**ECLECTIC MEDICINES.** WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, BY Express, supplies from the manufacturers. For sale by **R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS** OF NEARLY ALL THE CONCENTRATED medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by **R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**PERFUMERY.** WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING ARTICLES in this line direct from foreign and American manufacturers. For sale by **R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**PAINTS, VARNISHES, OILS.** BRUSHES, FEATHER DUSTERS, ZINC, WHITE Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by **R. H. McDONALD & CO.**

**COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.** BURNING FLUID, NEATFOOT OIL, LARD Oil and Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply customers with a superior article.

**PATENT MEDICINES.** WE ARE AGENTS FOR NEARLY ALL valuable articles in use, and our stock is unusually large. For sale by **R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.**

**DENTAL AND DRUG** Importing House of **R. H. McDONALD & CO., SACRAMENTO, AND R. H. McDONALD & CO., CORNER SANSOME AND PINE STREETS, San Francisco.**

**WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE ATTENTION** of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of Dental Goods, Dental and Surgical Instruments, **TEETH, GOLD FOIL, Forceps, all kinds, Dental Chairs, HAND AND FOOT LATHES, FILES, Brush, Cotton and Corundum Wheels, Pluggers, &c.**

**ROSEWOOD DENTAL CASES.** VULCANITE MATERIAL, VULCANIZERS, Vulcanite Base, and Impression Gutta Percha. A large variety of **VULCANITE TEETH,** Scrapers and Packers, together with a large and complete assortment of all articles of the latest and most improved styles of Vulcanite Work.

**DENTAL BOOKS.** WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A supply of the most approved Standard Works on Dentistry. Our efforts will be to keep a large and well selected stock of all Dental Material, so that the Dental Profession may confidently rely on having their orders filled in the best possible manner.

**PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKEY.** WM. T. CUTTER'S Pure Old Bourbon Whiskey. FOR MEDICAL AND FAMILY PURPOSES. So Long Used IN THE ARMY HOSPITALS AND INFIRMARIES, and so favorably known throughout the Atlantic States, is now offered for sale in this market. The following testimonials from physicians of the highest distinction have been received, which are but very few of like character which have come to us unsolicited:

**NEW YORK, May 1, 1861.** Mr. Wm. T. Cutter, Jr., Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sir: The great difficulty in procuring brandy sufficiently pure for medicinal purposes, has induced many of the physicians of this vicinity to adopt Bourbon Whiskey as a substitute, both in the hospital and private practice, and since the latter has come into such general use, we have been led to believe that a great deal now sold is of very inferior quality.

Presuming that your residence in the vicinity of the manufacture of Whisky in Kentucky, as well as your skill as a chemist, will enable you to select a reliable article, and having full confidence in your integrity, we are led to inquire whether you will not aid us in having the market supplied, through an agency, with the best quality of **PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKEY.**

For the use of the sick.

We are, very respectfully, sir, yours truly,  
Valentine Mott, M. D., Willard Parker, M. D.,  
C. L. Mitchell, M. D., F. H. Hamilton, M. D.,  
C. L. Mitchell, M. D., F. H. Hamilton, M. D.,  
Dewitt C. Ross, M. D., R. O. Doremus, M. D.,  
R. N. Chayman, M. D., Prof. of Chemistry,  
Jas. R. Wm. J. M. D., W. E. Baylis.

The above article is for sale by **WM. T. CUTTER, 111 Sansome street, San Francisco, and R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.**

**QUINCY UNION**

## QUINCY UNION

### NEWSPAPER & JOB

### PRINTING OFFICE,

The Proprietor take this occasion to inform the citizens of Plumas and adjoining counties, that he possesses facilities unsurpassed by any office in the mountains for the performance of every style of

**PRINTING,**

**—SUCH AS—**

**POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, SHOW CARDS, BILLS FARE, BILLS LADING, BALL CIRCULARS, MINING CO'S BLANKS, BLANK RECEIPTS, ADDRESS CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, LEGAL BLANKS,**

And in fact, almost everything that can be printed; and the principal recommendations for his work are the

**Low Prices At Which It Is Done,**

**AND ITS SUPERIOR**

**STYLE AND ELEGANCE.**

**PRINTING OF EVERY KIND,**

**BOTH PLAIN & FANCY,**

**DONE AT LOW PRICES**

And in a manner that cannot fail to give Satisfaction. All orders will be promptly attended to.

**Advertisements.**

**RATES OF LEGAL ADVERTISING.**

The following Tariff of charges for Legal Advertising will, in all cases, be strictly adhered to in this office:

**SUMMONS**—District Court, 3 months, \$25.00  
Extra length, each square, 3 weeks, 15.00  
Justice's, 3 months, 20.00  
Justice's, 3 weeks, 12.50  
SHERIFF'S SALE—4 weeks, 20.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00  
CONSTABLE'S SALE—3 weeks, 12.00  
NOTICE TO REDIMORS—4 weeks, 20.00  
SOLR TRADER NOTICE—4 weeks, 12.50  
LIEN-HOLDER NOTICE—3 weeks, 10.00  
Extra length, per sq., 5.00  
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—4 weeks, 10.00  
SALE—3 weeks, 15.00  
Extra length, per sq., 5.00  
DISOLUTION NOTICE—4 weeks, 8.00  
PROBATE NOTICE—3 weeks, 7.50

**News-Dealers, Bookellers, Read & Remember.**

**J. STRATMAN, WHOLESALE NEWS-DEALER.**

Packs and Forwards all the Daily and Weekly Newspapers, Magazines, Etc., to all parts of the Country, with great Dispatch.

**I Sell at Prices that defy Competition.**

**EVERY NEW NOVEL RECEIVED AS SOON AS PUBLISHED.**

I have special arrangements with all the different Publishers, Stationers, etc., and furnish the Trade with Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Music, Portraits, Prints, Medals, Melanotypes, etc., Song Books in great variety.

I have unequalled facilities, and guarantee dealers the closest attention.

Send for my Price List, and give a trial.

**JOHN STRATMAN, San Francisco, Cal.**

## WHITING & CO'S EXPRESS.

Daily to Marysville, THERE CONNECTING WITH

**Wells, Fargo & Co.,** Langton & Co., Holland, Morley & Co.,

To all parts of California, the Atlantic States and Europe.

**Bills of Exchange** Procured of Wells, Fargo & Co., payable in all the principal Cities in the Atlantic States and Europe.

**COLLECTIONS AND COMMISSIONS** Promptly attended to.

**TREASURE** Shipped to the lower Cities at reasonable rates.

We will not be responsible for valuable letters unless our receipt is given for the same. We send

**WEEKLY EXPRESSES** —TO— Indian Valley, Round Valley, Honey Lake, Rich Bar, Junction Bar

And all other points in Plumas county. **WHITING & CO.** Quincy, Oct. 28, 1862.

## COBURN HOUSE, QUINCY,

Plumas County, California.

**THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL IS** now completed, and being built expressly for the accommodation of the traveling public, those who may favor it with their patronage will find a comfortable home so long as they may stop. The

**Beds and Furniture** are new, having been purchased expressly for this House. The

**Bar** Will always be supplied with the purest of **Wines and Liquors,**

**—AND THE—**

**Table** Will be spread with every luxury in the market.

Connected with the Hotel is a fine **New Barn,**

With plenty of Hay and Grain, and an attentive Ostrer to take charge of animals.

The Proprietor is determined to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

**JOHN COBURN, Proprietor.**

**MOORE** —AT THE— **Post Office,**

Has for sale the following Goods:

**CANDIES, NUTS, RAISINS, FIGS, DRIED PEACHES, CITRON, DRIED APPLES, DRIED CURRANTS, HONEY IN THE COMB, JELLIES, JAMS, AND OYSTERS,**

**A No. 1 HAVANA CIGARS, CABLE TOBACCO, COMMON TOBACCO, KILLICKIN TOBACCO, FOREST ROSE TOBACCO, PIPES AND SNUFF.**

Also a very large assortment of **POCKET KNIVES, RAZORS, STRAPS AND BRUSHES, TOYS, PORT MONAIES, PENS, INK AND PAPER, ENVELOPES, TIME BOOKS, AND DIARIES**

**Drugs and Medicines,** Consisting in part of **Sarsaparilla, Expectorants, Balsams, Liniments, Ointments, Seidlitz Powders, Castor Oil, Eye Water, Pain Killer, Pills (all kinds), Mrs. Winslow's Syrup, Spalding's Glue, &c., &c.**

Together with a general assortment of **Toilet and Fancy Articles;** ALSO, **5,000 POUNDS OF WINTER APPLES.**

**BRANNAN HOUSE,** Susanville, Honey Lake Valley,

The Proprietor would announce that his Hotel is complete in all its arrangements and conveniences for the accommodation of the public.

A choice supply of Wines, Liquors and Segars may be found at the Bar.

**STEWART.**

## Advertisements.

### Marysville Foundry

### MACHINE SHOP.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation for the past ten years. Having superior tools for manufacturing and finishing, and having greatly increased their stock of Patterns, the undersigned are prepared to supply all demands for

**MACHINERY AND CASTINGS** OF EVERY DESCRIPTION And at **LOW RATES** as any Foundry in the State.

Steam Engines Built and Repaired  
Quartz Mills, Saw Mills, Grist Mills,  
Threshing Machines, Horse Powers,  
Malt Rollers, Cast Iron Rills, Gearing of all kinds.

**Steam Engines For Sale.**

**AMALGAMATING MACHINERY** Of every description, with all the latest improvements.

Wheeler's Pans and Separators,  
Wakely Pans, Amalgamating Tubs,  
Plated Grinders, Chille Mills,  
Mortar Screens made to order.  
Car Wheels, Derrick Wheels,  
And all kinds of House Casting, Etc., Etc.

**MINING PUMPS,** Cornish Pumps of all sizes, with Gearing and Pipes, made to order.

**HOISTING MACHINERY,** For Shafts or Inclines, of every variety. All orders promptly filled at the shortest notice, and at reduced prices, for cash.

**FRESCOTT & SCHIEDEL.**

## U. S. MAIL LINE!!

Through to Indian Valley in Two Days.

From Oroville to Bidwell's Bar, Mountain House, Meadow Valley, Spanish Ranch, Quincy, Indian Valley, and Round Valley.

On and after Monday, April 25th, 1864, the Stage will leave Oroville immediately after the arrival of the

**Cars from Marysville,** on the following mornings of each week, viz:—

**Monday, Wednesday and Friday,** and leaves QUINCY on the same days for Oroville. WM. SMITH, Proprietor.

Qu